

Commercial Mortgage

www.CMAlert.com

THE WEEKLY UPDATE ON REAL ESTATE FINANCE AND SECURITIZATION **ALERT**

M&I Markets \$500 Million Portfolio

M&I Bank is offering a \$500.4 million portfolio almost entirely made up of commercial real estate loans and foreclosed properties.

All but a handful of the roughly 100 assets are in various stages of distress. Four loans have balances exceeding \$25 million, and the 15 largest assets account for 55% of the portfolio. Some of the loans were previously marketed by the bank.

Investors can bid on any of 11 pools, divided by geography, or on the entire portfolio. Bids are due May 27. Milwaukee-based M&I wants to close sales by the end of the second quarter. **Mission Capital Advisors** of New York is handling the auction.

A breakdown of the portfolio by property type wasn't provided in marketing materials. The assets are in 17 states, with concentrations in Florida (29%), Illinois (16%), Wisconsin (14.5%) and Colorado (10%).

The largest asset is a nonperforming \$36.6 million construction loan on a student-housing property next to the University of Denver. M&I originated the three-year loan in 2008 and sold a participation interest to **First National Bank of Colorado**. Both pieces are being offered. The borrower, local developer **MacKenzie House**, defaulted in the past six months. The 355-bed property, called Asbury Green, was only 32% occupied in the fall semester. Spring occupancy figures were not available. The loan had an original balance of \$40.1 million. M&I included it in a large offering in November, but didn't strike a deal.

In addition to the real estate assets, the portfolio includes \$14.4 million of stock in banks in California and Illinois. Those assets make up one of the pools.

M&I is a unit of **Marshall & Isley**, one of the most aggressive sellers on the secondary market over the past couple of years. At yearend, the parent held \$17.4 billion of commercial real



estate assets, consisting of \$9.3 billion of commercial mortgages, \$2.6 billion of multi-family loans and \$5.5 billion of construction and land loans. Seven percent of the assets were nonperforming. ❖